
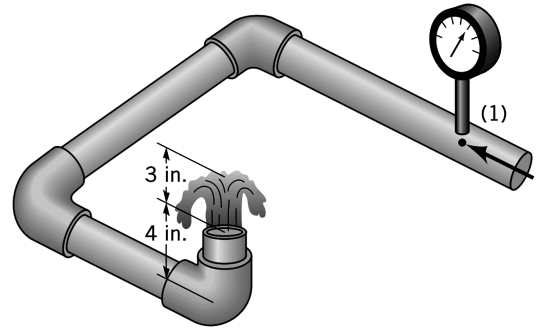



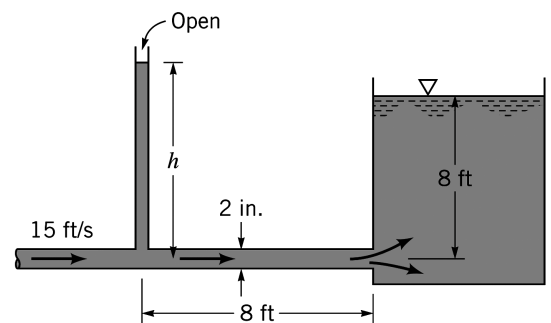
Homework - Chapter 8

8.78  As shown in **Video V8.15** and Fig. P8.78, water “bubbles up” 3 in. above the exit of the vertical pipe attached to three horizontal pipe segments. The total length of the 0.75-in.-diameter galvanized iron pipe between point (1) and the exit is 21 in. Determine the pressure needed at point (1) to produce this flow.



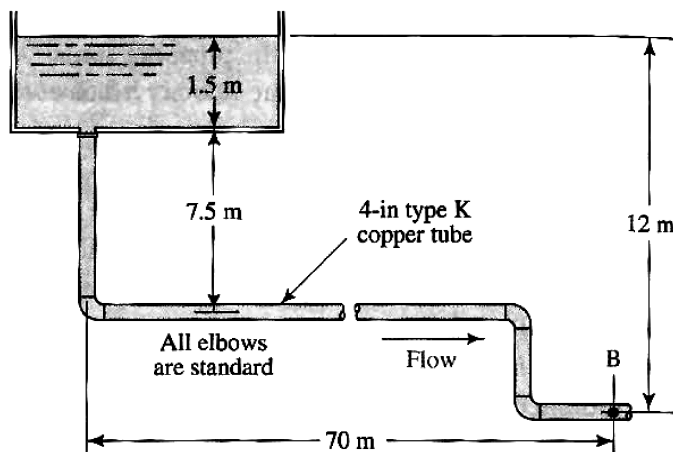
■ **Figure P8.78**

8.84  Water flows through a 2-in.-diameter pipe with a velocity of 15 ft/s as shown in Fig. P8.84. The relative roughness of the pipe is 0.004, and the loss coefficient for the exit is 1.0. Determine the height, h , to which the water rises in the piezometer tube.



■ **Figure P8.84**

Water, at 10°C, flows from a large reservoir at the rate of $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ through the system shown. Calculate the pressure in the tube at point B.



A lubricating oil must be delivered through the piping system shown in Fig. 11.7 with a maximum pressure drop of 60 kPa between points 1 and 2. The oil has a specific gravity of 0.88 and a dynamic viscosity of $9.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$. Determine the maximum allowable volume flow rate of oil.

