

$I = qA \left(\frac{D_p}{L_p} P_{n_0} + \frac{D_n}{L_n} N_{p_0} \right) \left(e^{\frac{qv(t)}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $I_{op} = qA g_{op} (L_p + L_n)$ $V_{oc} = \frac{KT}{q} L_n \left[\frac{g_{op}}{g_{th}} + 1 \right]$ $\Delta \sigma = qg_{op} (\tau_n \mu_n + \tau_p \mu_p)$	$\Delta P_n(t) = P_{n_0} \left(e^{\frac{qv(t)}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $\delta P_n(x_n, t) = \Delta P_n(t) e^{\frac{-x_n}{L_p}}$ $I = I_0 \left(e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} - 1 \right) - I_{op}$ $I = I_0 \left(e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} - 1 \right) + q \frac{An_i}{2\tau_o} W \left(e^{qV_A/2KT} - 1 \right)$
$I = \left[\frac{qAD_p P_{n_0}}{L_p} \coth \frac{l}{L_p} \right] \left(e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $I = qA \left(\frac{e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} - 1}{1 - e^{-\frac{2q(v_c - v)}{KT}}} \right) \left[\frac{D_p P_{n_0}}{L_p} \left(1 + \frac{n_i^2}{P_{p_0}^2} e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} \right) + \frac{D_n n_{p_0}}{L_n} \left(1 + \frac{n_i^2}{n_{n_0}^2} e^{\frac{qv}{KT}} \right) \right]$ $i(t) = \frac{Q_p(t)}{\tau_p} + \frac{dQ_p(t)}{dt} + \frac{Q_n(t)}{\tau_n} + \frac{dQ_n(t)}{dt}$	
$\frac{P_{p_0}}{P_{n_0}} = \frac{n_{n_0}}{n_{p_0}} = e^{\frac{(qv_0)}{KT}}$ $V_0 = \frac{KT}{q} \ln \left(\frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} \right) = \frac{-1}{2} \varepsilon_0 w$ $\varepsilon_0 = \frac{-q}{E} N_d X_{n_0} = \frac{-q}{E} N_a X_{p_0}$ $w = \left[\frac{2\varepsilon v_0}{q} \left(\frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$ $x_{n_0} = \left(\frac{N_a}{N_a + N_d} \right) W$ $x_{p_0} = \left(\frac{N_d}{N_a + N_d} \right) W$ $C_j = \frac{\varepsilon A}{W}$ <hr/> $C_j = \varepsilon A \left[\frac{qN}{2\varepsilon(V_0 - V)} \right]^{1/2}$ $C_j = A \left[\frac{qG\varepsilon^{m+1}}{(m+2)(V_0 - V)} \right]^{1/m+2}$	<hr/> $I_E = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} \left[\Delta P_E \coth \frac{W_b}{L_p} - \Delta P_C \operatorname{csch} \frac{W_b}{L_p} \right]$ $I_C = qA \frac{D_p}{L_p} \left[\Delta P_E \operatorname{csch} \frac{W_b}{L_p} - \Delta P_C \coth \frac{W_b}{L_p} \right]$ $I_E = I_{ES} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{EB}}{KT}} - 1 \right) - \alpha_I I_{CS} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{CB}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $I_C = \alpha_N I_{ES} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{EB}}{KT}} - 1 \right) - I_{CS} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{CB}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ <hr/> $\beta = \frac{\tau_B}{\tau_t}$ $I_E = \alpha_I I_C + I_{E_0} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{EB}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $I_C = \alpha_N I_E - I_{C_0} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{CB}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$ $I_{E_0} = (1 - \alpha_N \alpha_I) I_{ES}$ $I_{C_0} = (1 - \alpha_N \alpha_I) I_{CS}$